

Access the interface

To access the Interface, you must point your Web Browser to the URL provided during installation.

By default the Configuration Tool is accessible on the dedicated port 7766 (HTTP). For example : <http://172.16.1.130:7766>

HTTPS

The UI can be now protected by an HTTPS access

- The file `/etc/shinken/synchronizer.cfg` has new parameters.
- To activate the HTTPS:
 - `http_use_ssl=0`
 - by default it is set to 0 (no HTTPS)
 - Set it to 1 to activate.
- Set certificates by updating the 2 following parameters:
 - `http_ssl_cert=/etc/shinken/certs/server.cert`
 - `http_ssl_key=/etc/shinken/certs/server.key`

i The files default files `/etc/shinken/certs/server.cert` and `/etc/shinken/certs/server.key` are just samples that are provided with the installation and **MUST** be changed by your own certificates.

Accessing to the UI will still use the default dedicated port 7766 (but in HTTPS).

- For example : <https://172.16.1.130:7766>

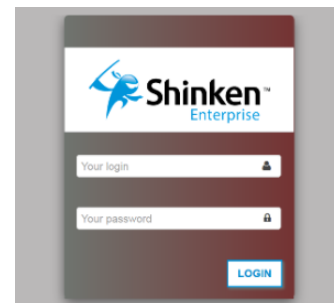
Log in to the configuration tool

You must Sign in to access the Administration Tool :

- Enter your **Username** and **Password**
- Click the **Login** Button or hit **Enter**

i If Shinken is connected to an active directory, please use your usual active directory account (**without** the DOMAIN part).

You can also use your active dorectory email address as your login.



! If an error occurred (wrong login or password), you will be prompted again

Link the Login authentication to an Active Directory Server

Configure the auth_active_directory module

Edit the auth_active_directory.cfg in /etc/shinken/modules:

Property	Example	Description
ldap_uri	ldaps://myserver	The address of the Active Directory server.
user	user	The user name to connect to the ldap server.
password	password	The password.
basedn	DC =google,DC=com	Base OU for the users.

Then activate this module in the synchronizer configuration file

By default, edit the synchronizer-master.cfg file in the directory /etc/shinken/synchronizers/

Property	Example	Description
modules	modules Cfg_password, auth-active-directory	Add auth-active-directory in the line starting by modules.



It will first try to identify the login/pass provided in the via the active directory module, then check in the synchronizer database, and then reject it if not found or valid.